

Proxima 2.0

WYSIWYG generic editing
for the Web

Martijn M. Schrage

Oblomov Systems

Oblomov
Systems



nlnet
FOUNDATION



Universiteit Utrecht

This talk

- Overview Proxima 1.0
- Overview Proxima 2.0
- Demo
- Speed issues
- Conclusion / Future

- Generic presentation-oriented (WYSIWYG) editor
- Modeless mix of
 - Structural editing: e.g. change section to subsection
 - Free-text editing: e.g. delete [1+2, 5] → [15]
- Graphical presentation with derived information
- Applications:
 - Source editor
 - Word processing
 - Form editors (e.g. declaration form)
 - Sudoku editor
- ~15.000 lines of Haskell

Proxima Screenshots

Dazzle documentation editor

Een beslisnetwerk voor oesofagus carcinoemen

3.1 Echo-endoscopie loco-
De variabele modelleert voor een pat
betrekking tot de aanwezigheid van n

Kanstabel voor "Echo-endo-loco" m

Echo-endo-loco	Metas-loco	Pi
ja	moeite	ja
ja	moeite	ne
ja	gepureerd	ja
ja	gepureerd	ne
ja	vloeibaar	ja
ja	vloeibaar	ne
ja	geen	ja
ja	geen	ne
nee	moeite	ja
nee	moeite	ne
nee	gepureerd	ja
nee	gepureerd	ne
nee	vloeibaar	ja
nee	vloeibaar	ne
nee	geen	ja
nee	geen	ne
niet-gedetermineerd	moeite	ja
niet-gedetermineerd	moeite	ne
niet-gedetermineerd	gepureerd	ja
niet-gedetermineerd	gepureerd	ne
niet-gedetermineerd	vloeibaar	ja
niet-gedetermineerd	vloeibaar	ne
niet-gedetermineerd	geen	ja
niet-gedetermineerd	geen	ne
niet-gedetermineerd	geen	nee

1 Inleiding

De doelstelling van de ontwikkeling van een beslisnetwerk voor oesofagus carcinoemen is het verkrijgen van een nauwkeurige diagnose van de tumorlocatie en de aanwezigheid van metastasen.

Figuur 1: Het oesofagus netwerk.

Helium editor

Slides: XML view

```

<slides>
  <slide><title>slide_1</title>
  <itemList style="Bullet">
    <stringItem>item_1</stringItem>
    <heliumItem>
      \x -> increase x
    </heliumItem>
    <stringItem>item_2</stringItem>
    <listItem>
      <itemList style="Number">
        <stringItem>nested_item_1</stringItem>
        <listItem>
          <itemList style="Bullet">
            <stringItem>nested_nested_item</stringItem>
            <stringItem>nested_nested_item</stringItem>
            <stringItem>nested_nested_item</stringItem>
          </itemList>
        </listItem>
        <stringItem>nested_item_2</stringItem>
        <stringItem>nested_item_3</stringItem>
      </itemList>
    </listItem>
  </itemList>

```

increase = \x -> x+1;

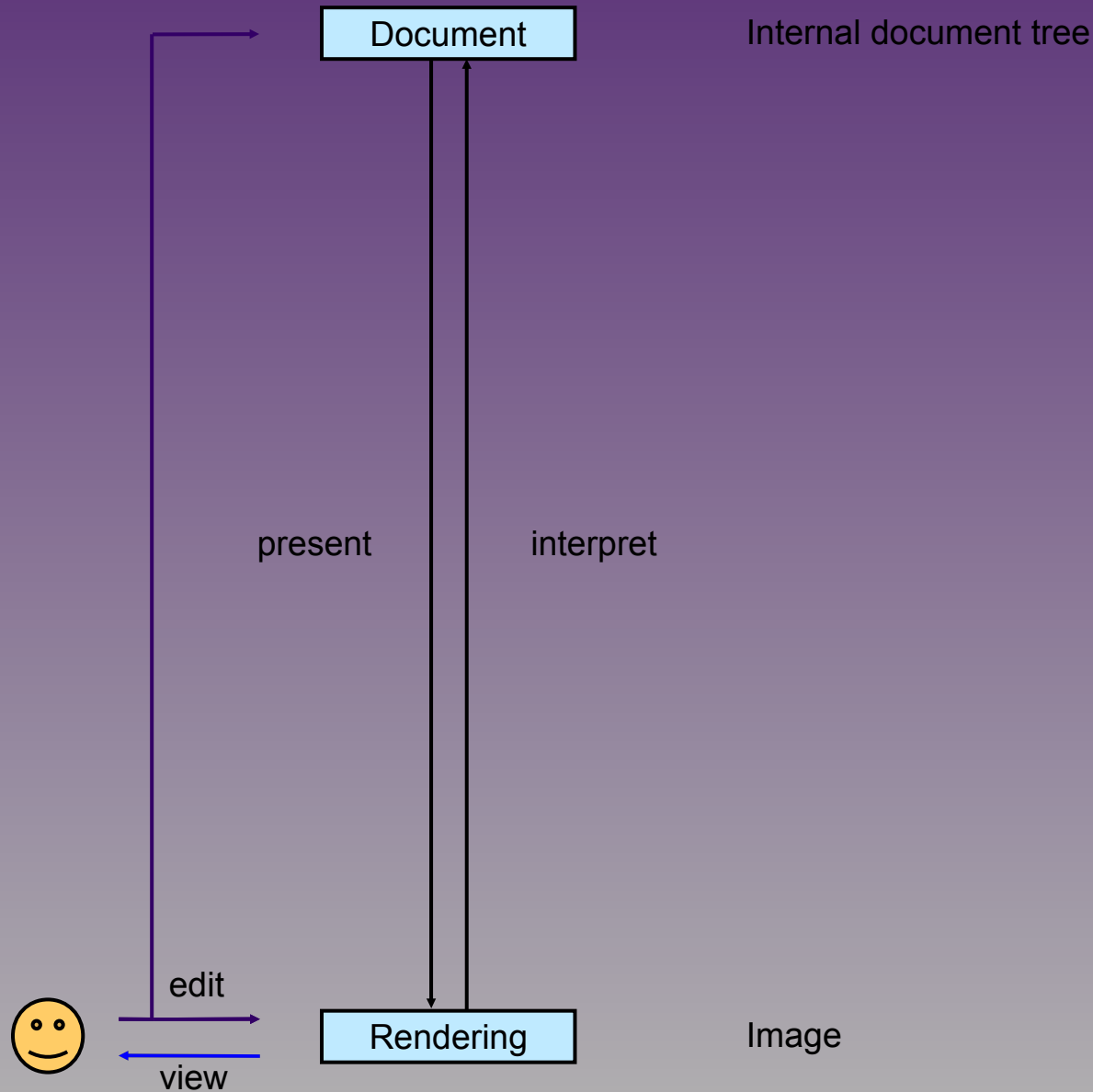
Slides: Presentation view

slide_1

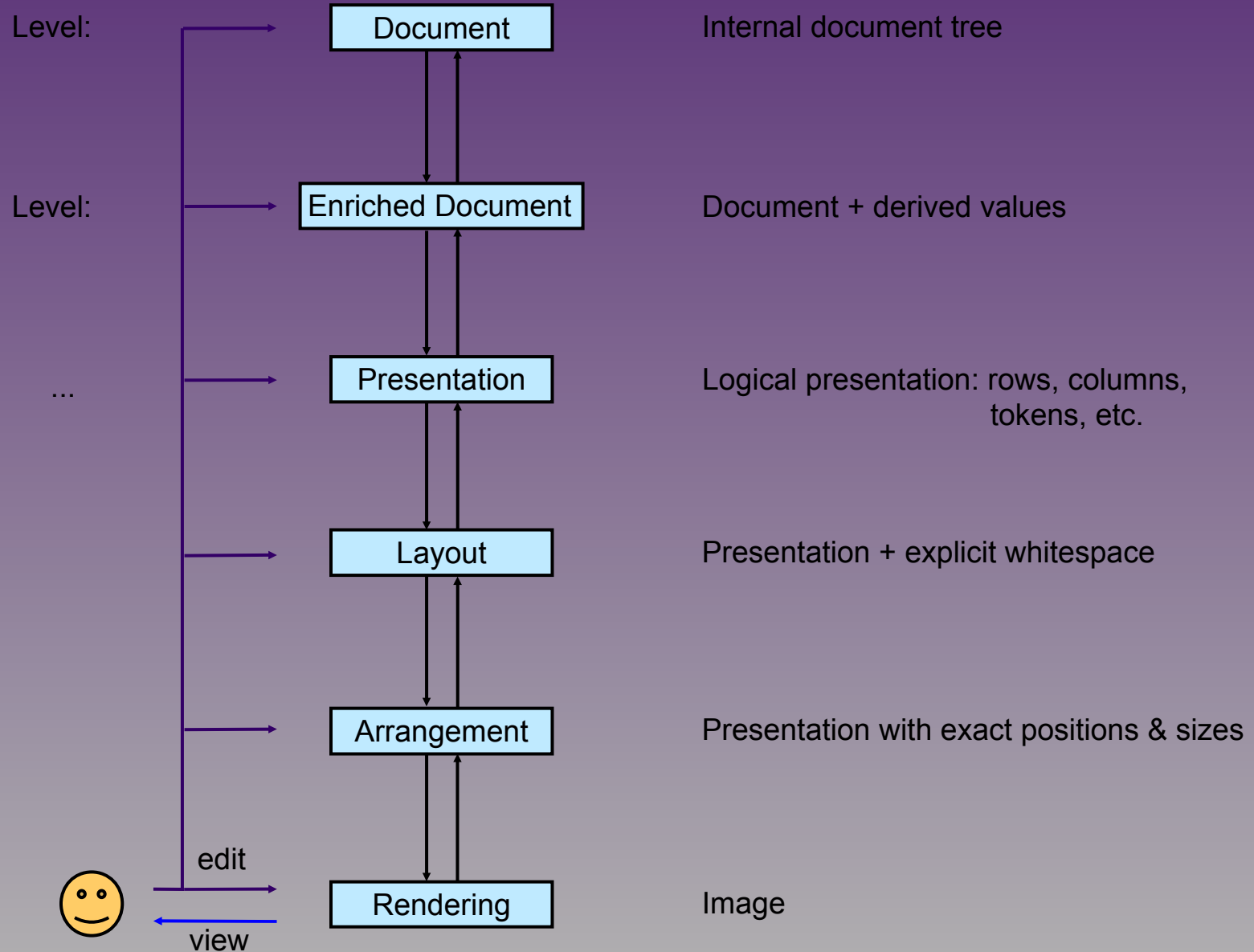
- item_1
- \x -> increase_x
- item_2
 - 1) nested_item_1
 - nested_nested_item
 - nested_nested_item
 - nested_nested_item
 - 3) nested_item_2
 - 4) nested_item_3

(-1,-1): Undefined variable "increase"
Hint: Did you mean "increase" ?

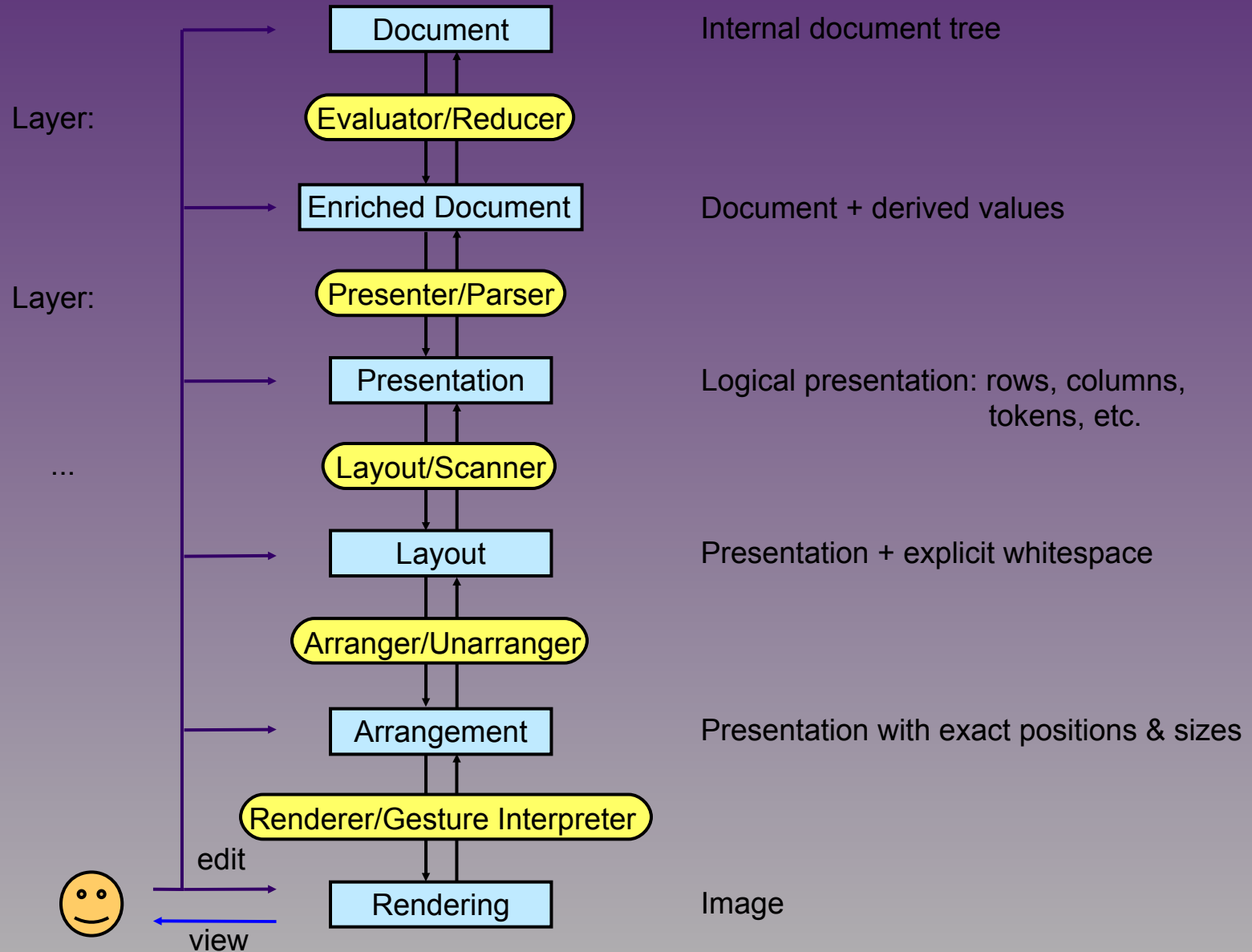
Architecture



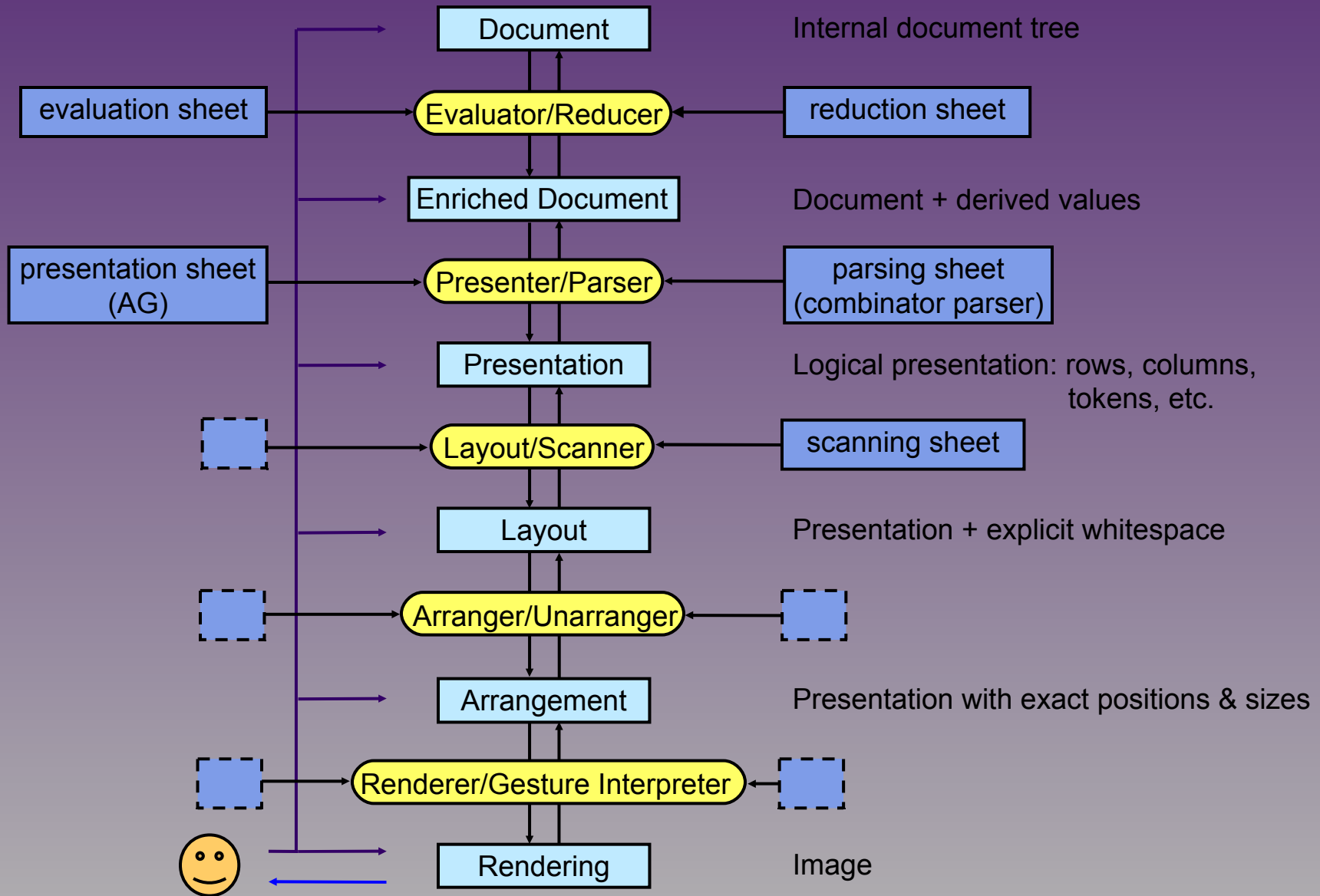
Architecture



Architecture



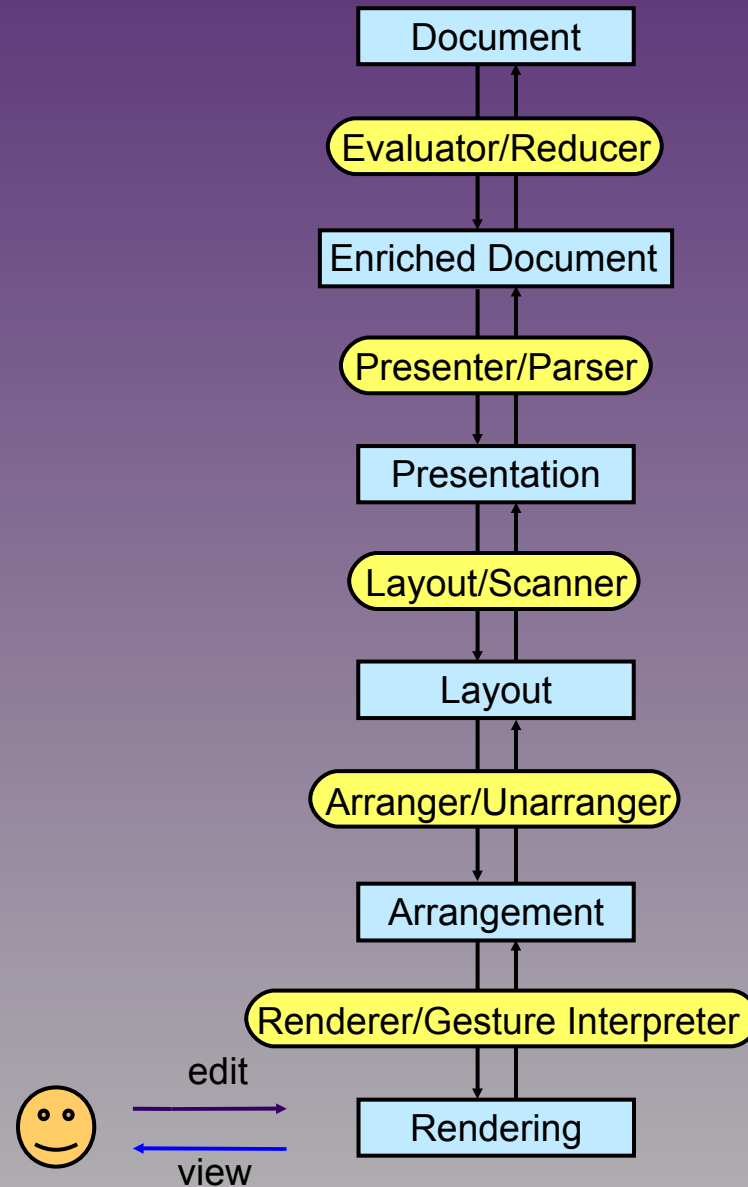
Architecture



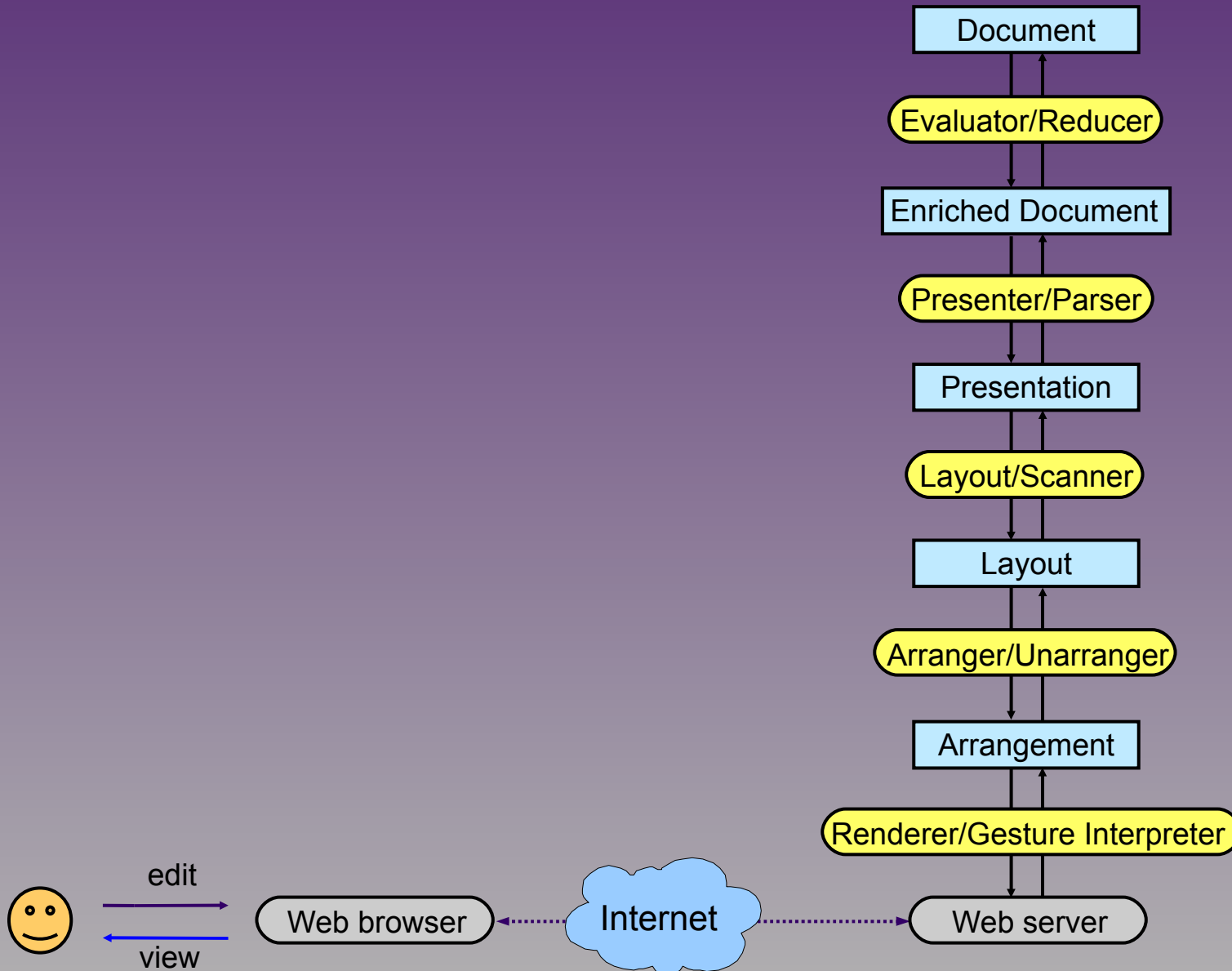
Proxima 2.0

- Proxima 1.0
 - Has to be installed
 - 100% Haskell, but GUI dependency makes it hard to build
- Grant from NLnet foundation: open source; web-based
- Proxima 2.0
 - Server-based with (very) thin Ajax client
 - Every key press or mouse gesture is sent to server (à la VNC)
 - Powerful WYSIWYG web 2.0 editors
 - No installation required for editing users
 - Run on small client machines, e.g. iPhones
 - Integration with web-pages
 - Server is easy to compile

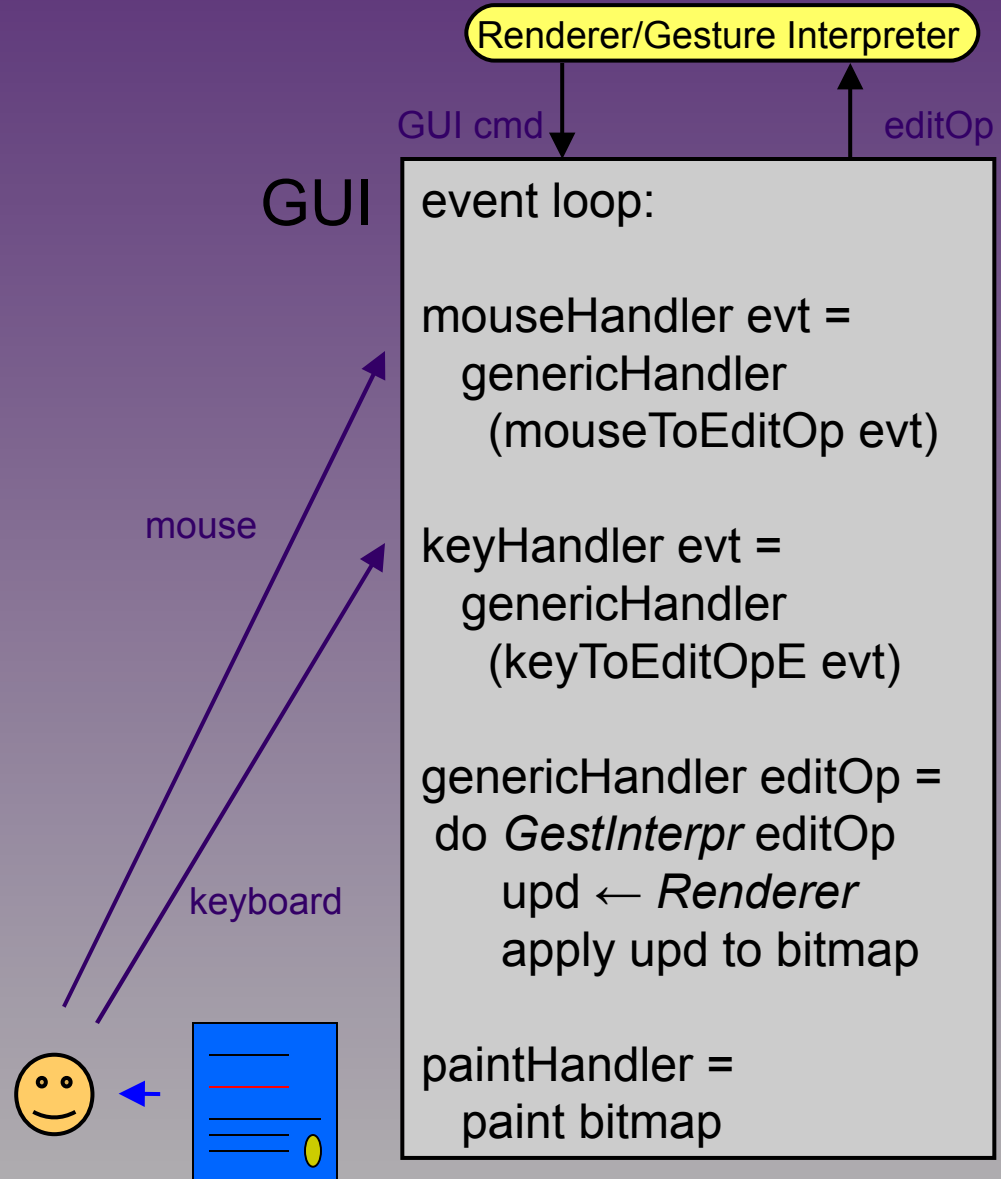
Architecture 1.0



Architecture 2.0



Proxima 1.0 (simplified)



Proxima 2.0 (simplified)

client
(browser)

```
<script>
event loop:

mouseHandler(evt) =
  genericHandler
    (mouseToEditOp(evt));

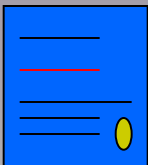
keyHandler(evt) =
  genericHandler
    (keyToEditOp(evt));

genericHandler(editOp) =
  send("GET "+editOp);

on receiving HTML update,
apply update to rendering tree
</script>
<rendering>
...
</rendering>
```

mouse

keyboard



Renderer/Gesture Interpreter

HTMLupd

editOp

listen on HTTP port:

accept socket =

do str ← getLine socket

let editOp = parse str

GestInterpr editOp

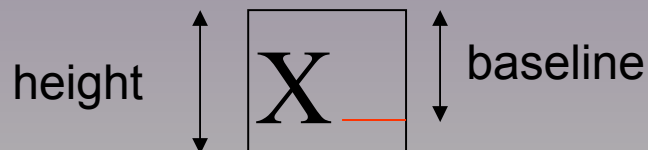
htmlUpd ← *Renderer*

putStr socket HTMLupd

server

- Convert each arrangement to HTML div elements with exact sizes and positions
- Rows / columns:
 - Div element
- Strings:
 - HTML text
- Graphical elements: (`CircleA`, `PolyA`, etc.)
 - SVG
- Images:
 - Image tag “``”
 - Server needs to handle image requests

- Server-side query not possible
 - Requires GUI library or parsing of font tables
 - Different browsers / platforms may render differently
- Solution: Query the client for metrics
- Hmm, Javascript has no `getFontMetrics()` ..
- Solution:
 - Add lines with invisible characters to rendering
 - Copy each character 10 times; take line width / 10
 - For baseline, special trick with zero height element (—)



- Session handling for multiple viewers
- Document handling (up/download)
- Mouse handler for drag & drop and scrolling
- Popup handler

Proxima 2.0 demo

- Bayesian network docs editor (800 lines)
- Helium editor (1200)
- Declaration form (160)
- Task list editor (140)
- Sudoku (210)

- Live demo!
- Editors run on virtual server in Utrecht

Speed: Bandwidth

- Complex presentations take time to transmit
- Solution: Incrementality
- After edit operation, server computes diff on arrangement
- Client applies inserts, deletes and moves to html rendering tree
- Diff detects insertions/deletions in rows/columns
- Pathological cases always exist

Speed: Latency

- Delay between gesture and server response
- Solution: Predictive rendering
- Drag & drop: don't send drag events
- Text input:
 - Insert character in HTML, move right siblings, move cursor
 - Subtle algorithm, two kinds of inserted chars: already sent to server vs. queued

Conclusion / Future

- Conclusion
 - Editing model works!
 - Editors feel fast enough
- Open source project
- To do:
 - Establish community
 - Build more editors
 - More predictive rendering:
 - E.g. cursor moves
 - More intelligent, maybe with hints in presentation
 - Add support for IE (has no SVG)
 - Multi-user editing



WE WANT YOU!

Questions?

`martijn@oblomov.biz`



WE WANT YOU!

`http://www.oblomov.biz/proxima2.0.html`